

Edition 4.0 2023-08

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Electrical installations in ships –
Part 303: Equipment – Power transformers and reactors

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 47.020.60 ISBN 978-2-8322-7335-7

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

F	OREWO	RD	3
١N	ITRODU	ICTION	5
1	Scop	e	6
2	Norm	native references	6
3	Terms and definitions		
4		Service conditions	
•	4.1 Voltage and frequency		
	4.2	Environmental condition	
	4.2.1		
	4.2.2		
	4.2.3		
	4.3	Load current harmonic content	
	4.4	Transformers for special applications	8
	4.4.1		
	4.4.2	Transformers for shore-connection	8
5	Desi	gn and construction	9
	5.1	General	9
	5.2	Materials	9
	5.3	Insulation level, clearance and creepage distances	9
	5.4	Degrees of protection of enclosures	9
	5.5	Transformer winding arrangement	9
	5.6	Terminals	10
	5.7	Cooling arrangements	10
6	Volta	ge regulation	10
7	Parallel operation		
8	Transformers for essential services – Construction and documentation requirements		
	8.1	Cooling arrangements for essential services	10
	8.1.1		
	8.1.2	Cooling arrangements for secondary essential services	11
	8.1.3	Cooling arrangements for primary essential services	11
	8.2	Alert and monitoring	11
	8.3	High voltage transformer	11
	8.4	Documentation requirements	11
9	Tests	S	11
Αı	nnex A	informative) Method for reducing harmonics disturbances	12
Bi	ibliograp	hy	13
Fi	igure A	1 – Screen between primary and secondary winding	12
	_	2 – Phase shifting in transformers with multiple windings	
	, ,		

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS -

Part 303: Equipment – Power transformers and reactors

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 60092-303 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 18: Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units. It is an International Standard.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 1980 and Amendment 1:1997. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) environmental conditions were added as 4.2;
- b) 4.3 for load harmonic content was added;
- c) 4.4 transformers for special applications was added;
- d) Clause 5 for design and construction of transformers was added;
- e) definitions for "essential services" were added and described in the new Clause 8.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
18/1831/FDIS	18/1851/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60092 series, published under the general title *Electrical installations in ships*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

The IEC 60092 series contains international standards for electrical installations in sea-going ships, incorporating good practice and co-ordinating, as far as possible, existing rules.

These standards form a code of practical interpretation and amplification of the requirements of the International Convention on Safety of Life at Sea, a guide for future regulations which may be prepared and a statement of practice for use by shipowners, shipbuilders and appropriate organizations.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN SHIPS -

Part 303: Equipment – Power transformers and reactors

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60092 is applicable to all transformers used for power and lighting and, where appropriate, to static convertors, starting transformers, static balancers, earthing transformers, saturable reactors and transductors for use in ships, including single-phase transformers rated higher than 1 kVA, and three-phase transformers rated higher than 5 kVA, unless special requirements are specified.

This document applies to transformers with rated voltage up to and including 36 kV.

This document is not applicable to instrument transformers.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60076 (all parts), Power transformers

IEC 60076-1:2011, Power transformers - Part 1: General

IEC 60076-2, Power transformers – Part 2: Temperature rise for liquid-immersed transformers

IEC 60076-3:2013, Power transformers – Part 3: Insulation levels, dielectric tests and external clearances in air

IEC 60076-3:2018/AMD1:2018

IEC 60076-5, Power transformers – Part 5: Ability to withstand short circuit

IEC 60076-6, Power transformers – Part 6: Reactors

IEC 60076-8, Power transformers – Part 8: Application guide

IEC 60076-11, Power transformers - Part 11: Dry-type transformers

IEC 61378-1, Converter transformers – Part 1: Transformers for industrial applications

IEC 60092-101, Electrical installations in ship – Part 101: Definitions and general requirements

IEC 60092-201, Electrical installations in ship - Part 201: System design - General

IEC 60092-304, Electrical installations in ships – Part 304: Equipment – Semiconductor converters

IEC 60092-401, Electrical installations in ships – Part 401: Installation and tests for completed installation

IEC 60092-501, Electrical installations in ships – Part 501: Special features – Electric propulsion plant

IEC 60092-509:2011, Electrical installations in ships – Part 509: Operation of electrical installations

IEC 60092-503, Electrical installations in ships – Part 503: Special features – AC supply systems with voltages in the range of above 1 kV up to and including 36 kV

IEC/IEEE 80005 (all parts), Utility connections in port